

## Observations

We observed the following in the Computer Algebra community.

- There are no standards to reliably reconstruct and verify computations in research articles.
- For a given computation problem in the computer algebra community, there is mostly no standard test set defined to examine the quality of a new implementation.
- A variety of Computer Algebra Systems (CAS) is available with distinct syntaxes and strengths.
  - ⇒ One CAS might fail to do a certain computation, while another one succeeds.
  - ⇒ Even though attempts are made to have a unified interface (e.g. SAGE), researchers still need to be accustomed to many CAS to get full access to the assistance available through CAS implementations.

## Introducing SDEval

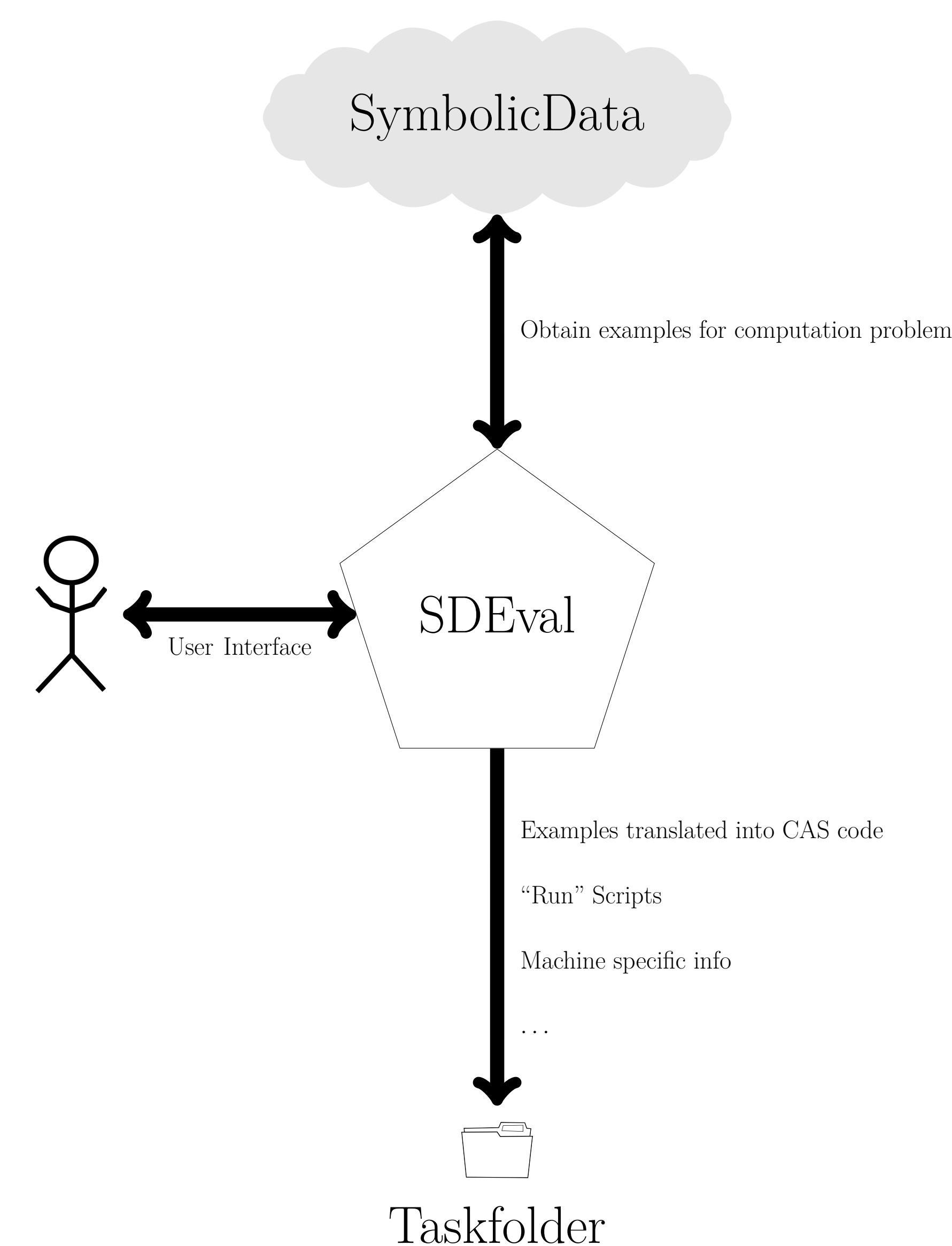
SDEval [3] is a benchmarking toolbox built on top of the SymbolicData database [1, 2]. Some of its main goals are

- providing an easy way of translating existing entries in SymbolicData into executable code of computer algebra systems,
- providing a feasible way of trustfully reproducing and verifying computation results from current research papers,
- meeting the particularities of benchmarking in the field of computer algebra and
- being flexible in order to be applicable across different communities.

SDEval targets, among others, two groups of researchers:

- Those who want to try out different CAS to find a solution to a problem that appeared in his/her research.
- Those who have created a new implementation for a certain computer algebra problem and wish to compare it to existing ones.

## Create



## Run

The Taskfolder contains a script called `runTasks.py`. It can be run using optional parameters.

### Example

```
runTasks.py -c3600 -m1000000000 -j4
```

Stop any script after using more than 1h CPU time.    Stop any script using more than 1GB of the memory.    run up to four scripts in parallel.

Furthermore, we have the following features:

- Visualization of the status as HTML files.
- User can manually terminate a CAS without having to restart the whole process.
- An interface for scripts interpreting the output of the CAS is given.
- The user can customize the computation by altering a preference-file given in XML format.
- Run-part independent from creation-part. One can write a taskfolder containing one's own code and use our scripts to run and monitor them.

## Directions for the Future

- Support more computation problems and CAS.
- Communication with different communities about further use-cases and feature-needs for SDEval.
- Provide meaningful output-interpretation scripts in the distribution of SDEval. This is challenging since
  - outputs coming from algorithms in Computer Algebra are often not unique and
  - the evaluation of the correctness of an output is often not trivial and sometimes even subject of ongoing research.
- Preaching the practice of publishing taskfolders, so that computations in the literature can be verified.

## References

- Gräbe, H.-G., Nareike, A., Johanning, S. (2014). The SYMBOLICDATA Project - from Data Store to Computer Algebra Social Network. *Computeralgebra Rundbrief 55 (October 2014)*.
- Gräbe, H.-G., Nareike, A., and Johanning, S. (2014). The SYMBOLICDATA Project—Towards a Computer Algebra Social Network. *Workshop and Work in Progress Papers at CICM 2014 in CEUR-WS.org vol. 1186 (2014)*
- Heinle, A. and Levandovskyy, V. (2015). The SDEval Benchmarking Toolkit. *ACM Commun. Comput. Algebra*, 49(1):1–9. DOI <http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/2768577.2768578>

## Acknowledgements

We thank the “Deutsche Forschungsgesellschaft” (DFG) for partial financial support for the development of SDEval in the context of the “DFG Priority Project SPP 1489: Algorithmic and Experimental Methods in Algebra, Geometry and Number Theory.”

## Resources

- <http://www.symbolicdata.org>
- <https://github.com/ioah86/symbolicdata>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CctmrfisZso>

## The Taskfolder – An Easy Way to Reproduce Results.

- The taskfolder has the following structure:

```
+ TaskFolder
| - runTasks.py //For Running the task
| - taskInfo.xml //Saving the Task in XML Structure
| - machinesettings.xml//The Machine Settings in XML form
| + classes //All classes of the SDEval project
| + casSources //Folder containing all executable files
| | + SomeProblemInstance1
| | | | + ComputerAlgebraSystem1
| | | | | - executablefile.sdc //Executable code for CAS
| | | | | - template_sol.py //Script to analyze the output of the CAS
| | | + ComputerAlgebraSystem2
| | | | - executablefile.sdc
| | | + ...
| | + SomeProblemInstance2
| | + ...
| + ...
```

- After executing `runTasks.py`, a subfolder `results` is added to the taskfolder.
- The taskfolder, containing the results, can then be published on a website.
- In order to reproduce the results, one solely has to adapt the commands to call the respective CAS inside `machinesettings.xml` to one's own machine and execute `runTasks.py` afterwards.
- The taskfolder structure and scripts are not bound to computer algebra systems. It can be used for any scripts and any software ⇒ SDEval can be used across communities.